Results for the six months ended September 30, 2020 [Reference]



Translation

In the case of inconsistencies between the Japanese and English version, the Japanese version will control and supersede any ambiguities.



November 11th, 2020 NAC CO., LTD. Code; 9788 TSE 1st section



Topics

Results for the six months ended September 30, 2020 ··· P. 2 Results by Segments ··· P. 10 FY2020 Forecasts of Financial Results ··· P. 21 Plan of Dividends ··· P. 25 Appendix ··· P. 27

This document contains certain forward-looking statements including the NAC Group's sales and contract targets based on information available to the Group as of the date of release. These statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties such as economic and business conditions as well as the outcomes of new services. Therefore, please understand that actual future results may differ materially from these projections set forth in the Group's forward-looking statements.



1. Results for the six months ended September 30, 2020

1 Consolidated Income Statement



(Millions of yen)

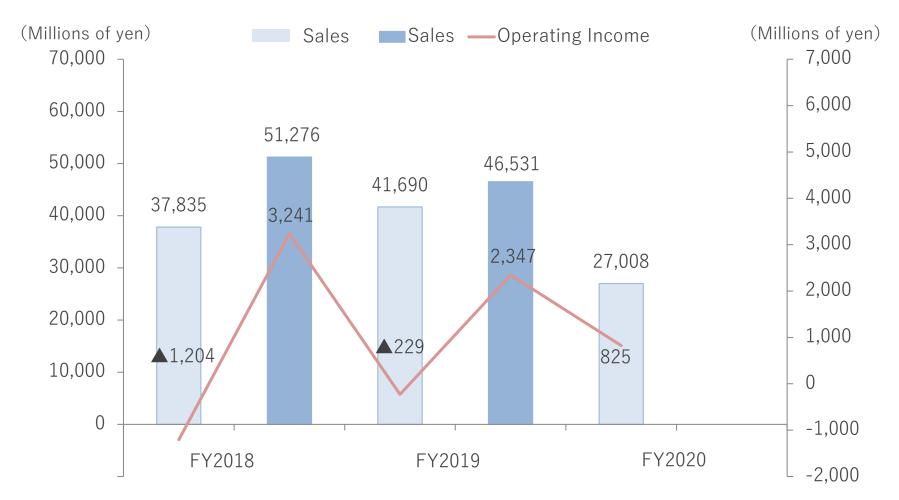
	6 months	Plan Cor	mparison		nparison
	ended FY2020	Plan	Actual/Plan Comparison	6 months ended FY2019	YoY Comparison
Sales	27,008	27,000	100.0 %	41,690	▲ 35.2 %
Gross profit	13,292	-	-	15,858	▲ 16.2 %
(Gross margin)	49.2 %	-	-	38.0 %	+ 11.2 pt
SG&A	12,467	-	-	16,087	▲ 22.5 %
Operating Income	825	550	150.0 %	A 229	-
(Operating margin)	3.1 %	2.0%	-	▲ 0.6 %	+ 3.6 pt
Non-operating income and loss	▲ 128	-	-	4 7	-
Ordinary Income	697	450	154.9 %	▲ 277	-
Extra-ordinary income and loss	421	-	-	▲ 22	-
Net income attributable to owners of parent	1,149	950	120.9 %	▲ 1	-

» Consolidated sales decreased year on year. This is because Leohouse Co., Ltd. was excluded from our consolidated subsidiaries from the first quarter of this fiscal year.

- » Operating income increased year on year, due to the exclusion of loss for Leohouse, which was recorded in the same period of the previous year, and significant growth in the CreCla Business.
- \gg Extraordinary income was recorded as a special profit from the sale of Leohouse shares.
- » Net income attributable for owners of parent increased due to an upturn in operating income and extra-ordinary income.

1 Sales & Operating income trend





- ≫ The Nac Group of companies tended to post an operating loss in the first half of fiscal year because hand-over in the Housing Sales business usually concentrate around 4th quarter.
- » We posted operating income since Leohouse was excluded from our consolidated subsidiaries from the first quarter of this fiscal year.

1 Sales by Segment



(NA:11: a ma of work)

	6 months ended FY2020	6 months ended FY2019	YOY Comparison
CreCla	7,718	6,570	+ 1,147
Rental	7,216	7,311	▲ 94
Construction Consulting	3,845	2,584	+ 1,261
Housing Sales	4,721	20,494	▲ 15,773
Beauty and Health	3,528	4,752	▲ 1,224
Elimination	▲ 22	▲ 22	+ 0
Total	27,008	41,690	▲ 14,682

- In the CreCla Business, sales increased year on year due to the bottle price hike and increase customer unit price in our direct managed stores, increase in server sales in our affiliated stores, increased sales of ZiACO utilizing "hypochlorous acid water".
- > In the Rental Business, sales remained on a par with the same period of previous fiscal year, although sales in the pest control devices business declined, sales increased in the Duskin business.
- » In the Construction Consulting Business, sales significantly increased year on year due to Suzukuri and ACEHOME added to the business segment since the 1st quarter.
- » In the Housing Sales Business, sales significantly decreased year on year, since Leohouse was excluded from our consolidated subsidiaries from the first quarter of this fiscal year.
- » In the Beauty and Health Business, sales decreased year on year due to decline in the number of customers. Unauthorized access to the server used at the company's EC site for online-shopping of cosmetics took place July, 2019.

1 Operating income by Segments

Note)The figures inside()marks indicate operating margin.



(Millions of yen)

Note) The figures inside() marks indi	6 months	6 months	YOY
	ended FY2020	ended FY2019	Comparison
CreCla	934	302	+ 632
	(12.1 %)	(4.6 %)	(+ 7.5 pt)
Rental	595	945	▲ 350
	(8.3 %)	(12.9 %)	(▲ 4.7 pt)
Construction	112	252	▲ 140
Consulting	(2.9 %)	(9.8 %)	(▲ 6.9 pt)
Housing Sales	▲ 84	▲ 1,088	+ 1,004
	(▲ 1.8 %)	(▲ 5.3 %)	(+ 3.5 pt)
Beauty and Health	▲ 147	▲ 94	▲ 53
	(▲ 4.2 %)	(▲ 2.0 %)	(▲ 2.2 pt)
Elimination, HQ Cost	▲ 584	▲ 546	▲ 37
Total	825	▲ 229	+ 1,055
	(3.1 %)	(▲ 0.6 %)	(+ 3.6 pt)

- \gg In the CreCla Business, operating income increased year on year due to an increase in the sales.
- » In the Rental Business, operating income decreased year on year due to sales in the pest control devices business, which is highly profitable, declined.
- » In the Construction Consulting Business, operating income decreased year on year. This is because Suzukuri and Nac Smart Energy posted operating loss.
- » In the Housing Sales Business, operating loss was reduced year on year, since Leohouse was excluded from our consolidated subsidiaries from the first quarter of this fiscal year.
- » In the Beauty and Health Business, operating loss decreased year on year due to reduction of SG&A expenses, mainly advertising and advertising expenses at JIMOS.

1 Analysis for operating income & loss (YoY change)



			Comparison
FY20:	FY2019 Q2 Operating Income		-
1. Gross profit	1. Gross profit		▲ 16.2 %
	Sales promotion costs and Advertising Exp.	+ 933	+ 37.8 %
	Personnel expenses	+ 871	+ 16.9 %
2. Increase and Decrease of	Rent and Rent expenses	+ 400	+ 33.8 %
SG&A	Depreciation and Amortization	+ 216	+ 28.0 %
※ Increase and Decrease of SG&A	Commission paid	+ 88	+ 12.1 %
 + Increase in profit and loss ▲ Decrease in the profit and loss 	Others	+ 1,109	+ 19.3 %
FY2020 Q2 Operating Income		825	-

- 1. The reason of increases in Gross profit
 - » This is due to Leohouse was excluded from our consolidated subsidiaries from the first quarter of this fiscal year.
- 2. The reason of increases and decreases in SG&A
 - » SG&A expenses decreased due to the exclusion of Leohouse as mentioned above and the reduction of advertising cost at JIMOS.

Consolidated Balance Sheet



	As of Sep. 30 2020	Break down	As of Mar. 31 2020	Break down	Comparison
Current assets	26,832	63.3 %	28,858	62.1 %	▲ 2,025
Total property, plant and equipment	9,135	21.5 %	10,615	22.9 %	▲ 1,480
Intangible assets	2,082	4.9 %	2,253	4.9 %	▲ 171
Investments and other assets	4,321	10.2 %	4,626	10.4 %	▲ 305
Non-current assets	15,539	36.6 %	17,496	37.7 %	▲ 1,957
Total deferred assets	51	0.1 %	78	0.2 %	▲ 27
Total assets	42,422	100.0 %	46,433	100.0 %	▲ 4,010
Current liabilities	14,608	34.4 %	20,125	43.3 %	▲5,516
Non-current liabilities	7,052	16.6 %	6,499	14.0 %	+ 552
Total liabilities	21,660	51.1 %	26,625	57.3 %	▲ 4,964
Shareholder's equity	21,475	50.6 %	20,601	44.4 %	+ 873
Accumulated other comprehensive income	▲ 765	▲ 1.8 %	▲ 844	▲ 1.8 %	+ 78
Non-controlling interests	51	0.1 %	50	0.1 %	+ 1
Total net assets	20,761	48.9 %	19,808	42.7 %	+ 953
Total liabilities and net assets	42,422	100.0 %	46,433	100.0 %	▲ 4,010

Main factors for comparison

■ Current assets: Cash and deposits +4,194 Real estate for sale ▲2,716 Costs on uncompleted construction contracts ▲1,295

■ Non-current assets: Buildings and structures, net ▲1,882

■ Current liabilities : Accounts payable ▲2,926 Advances received on uncompleted construction contracts ▲2,132

■ Non-current liabilities : Long-term loans payable +660

Equity Ratio : 48.8 %

1 Consolidated Cash Flow



	1st half of FY2020	1st half of FY2019	FY2019
1.Net cash provided by operating activities	2,690	▲ 693	1,152
2.Net cash used in investing activities	▲ 1,055	▲ 927	▲ 905
3.Net cash used in financing activities	2,546	1,059	▲ 473
Net increases cash and cash equivalents	4,181	▲ 561	▲ 225
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	9,115	9,167	7,430
Cash with the new connection and cash equal accrual	11	0	56
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	13,309	8,606	7,261
Depreciation and amortization	499	686	1,783

The main reasons of the fluctuation

■ Operating activities : Decrease in Short-term loans receivable +1,679 Income before income taxes +1,117 Depreciation +499 Gain on sales of subsidiaries and affiliates' stocks ▲456

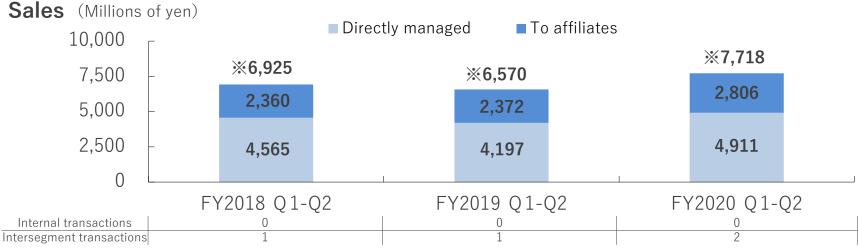
- Investing activities : Payments for sales of shares of subsidiaries resulting in change in scope of consolidation ▲809 Purchase of intangible assets ▲163
- Financing activities : Proceeds from long-term loans payable + 1,900 Proceeds from sale-and-leaseback transactions +1,046 Repayments of long-term loans payable ▲1,050 Dividends ▲292



2. Results by Segments

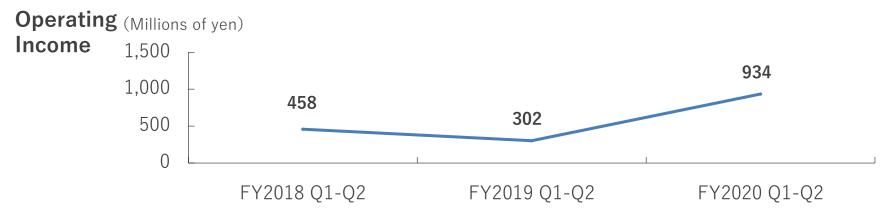
2 Results by Segment (1) CreCla ①





*The figures in the graph include the above internal transactions and intersegment transactions. (Millions of yen)

- In our direct managed stores, while the demand for corporate customers decreased, the demand for household customers increased due to the increase in time spent at home, therefore sales increased year on year.
- » In our affiliated stores, sales increased year on year due to the rise in water server sales and the bottle price hike.



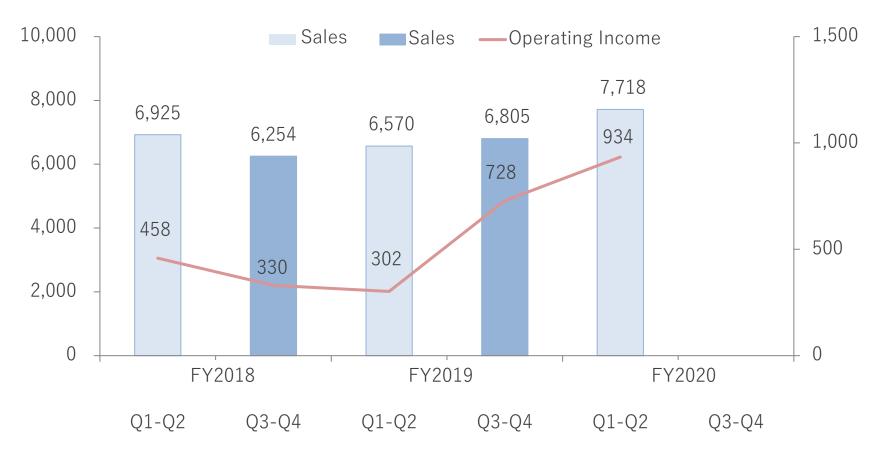
» In the CreCla Business, operating income increased year on year thanks to increased sales.





(Millions of yen)

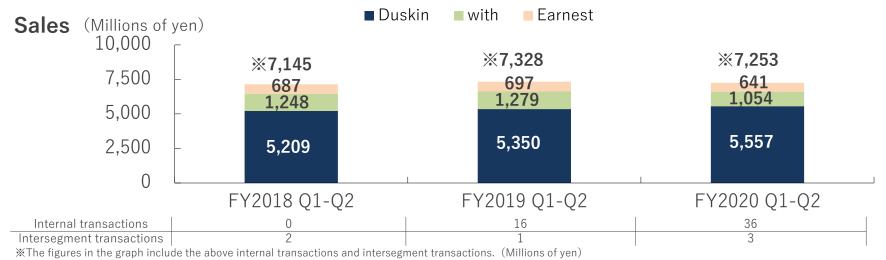
(Millions of yen)



 \gg We increased the price of the bottled water since January 2020.

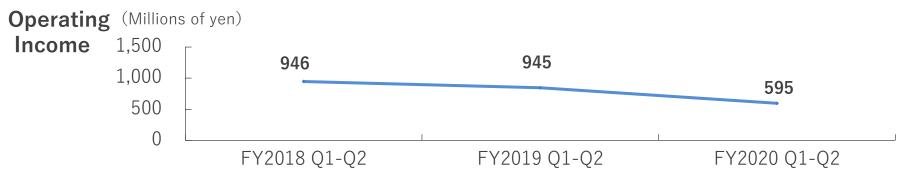
2 Results by Segment (2) Rental ①





In the mainstay Duskin business, rental sales decreased at dust control products business. However, we made up for the decrease through selling products and sales in care services (i.e. the housekeepingservice, exterminator and gardener). As a result, the Duskin business increased sales.

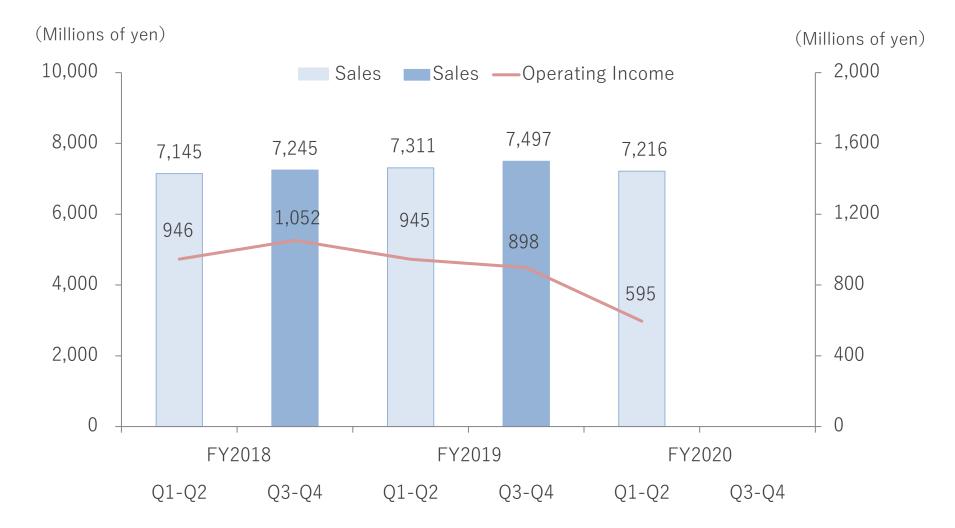
≫ In the With-branded pest-control devices business, the main customer, restaurants, were temporary closed due to the COVID-19. Thus, we saw plunge in sales at this business.



≫ Operating income decreased due to a decrease in sales of the highly profitable With-branded pestcontrol devices business.

2 Results by Segment (2) Rental ②

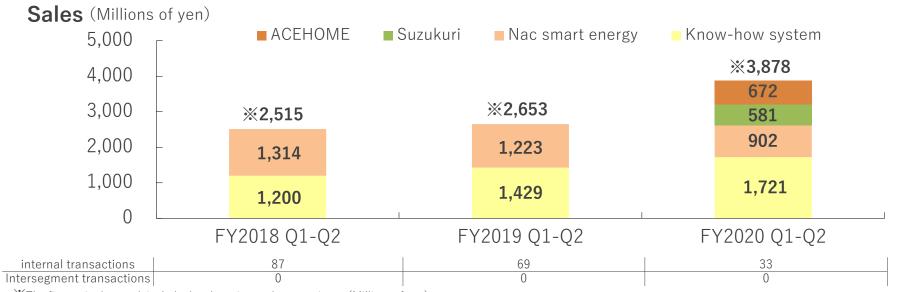




 \gg Sales and Operating income hold steady through the year over.

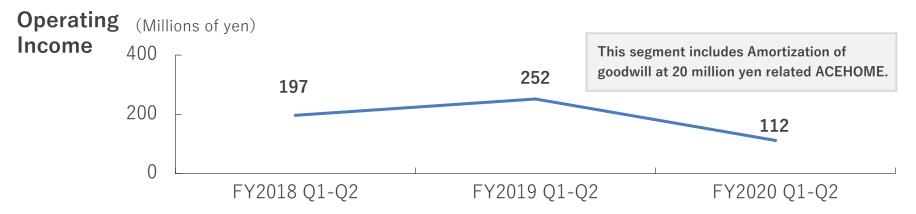
2 Results by Segment (3) Construction Consulting (1)





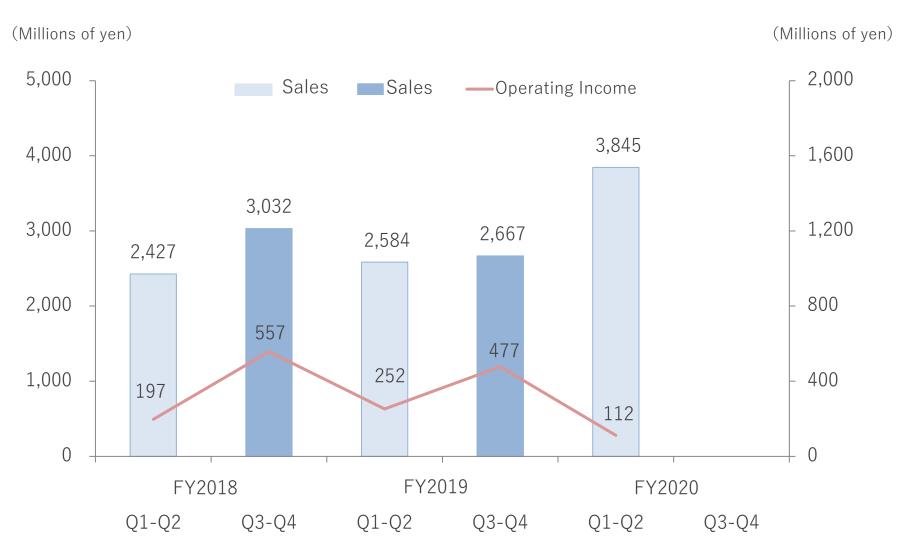
%The figures in the graph include the above internal transactions. (Millions of yen)

» From the first quarter of the current consolidated cumulative period, Suzukuri Co., Ltd. and ACEHOME Co., Ltd. have been added to this business segment. So, sales increased from the same period of the previous year.



» Operating income decreased year on year. This is because Suzukuri and Nac Smart Energy posted operating loss.

2 Results by Segment (3) Construction Consulting ②



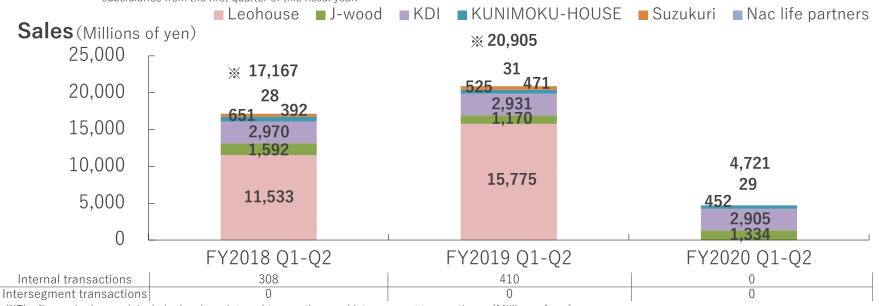
» Sales and Operating income tend to increase around Q4.

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Results by Segment (4) Housing sales



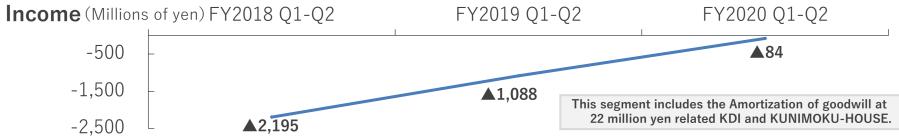
Note) We sold all of our shareholding in Leohouse on May 14. Consequently, Leohouse Co., Ltd. was excluded from our consolidated subsidiaries from the first quarter of this fiscal year.



%The figures in the graph include the above internal transactions and intersegment transactions. (Millions of yen)

- » We sold all of our shareholding in Leohouse to YAMADA DENKI Co., LTD. on May 14. Consequently, Leohouse was excluded from our consolidated subsidiaries from the first quarter of this fiscal year.
- » KDI Co., Ltd. decreased sales year on year, however, increased operating income year on year. This is attributable to the better gross margin.

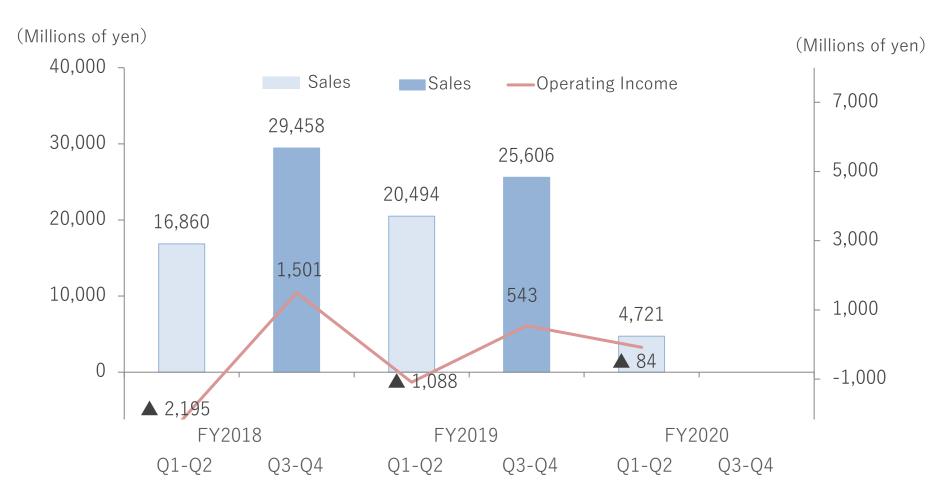
Operating



» Operating loss was reduced year on year following the sale of all shares of Leohouse.

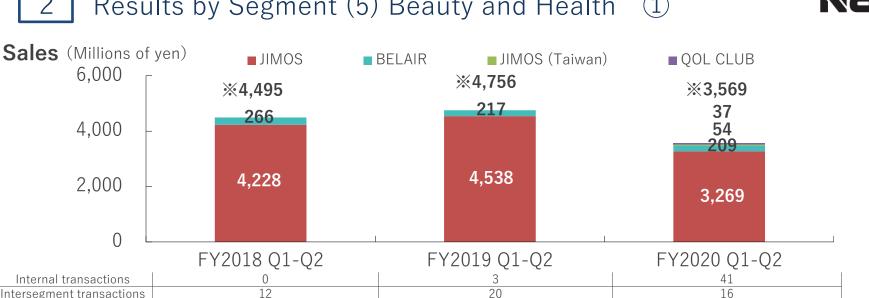
2 Results by Segment (4) Housing Sales ②





 \gg Sales and Operating income tend to increase around Q4.

Results by Segment (5) Beauty and Health (1)



%The figures in the graph include the above internal transactions and intersegment transactions. (Millions of yen)

Intersegment transactions

» JIMOS Co., Ltd., decreased sales year on year. The main factor is decline in the number of customers. Unauthorized access to the server used at the company's EC site for online-shopping of cosmetics took place July, 2019. As a countermeasure, we suspended use of EC site for four months. Therefore, the number of customers decreased.

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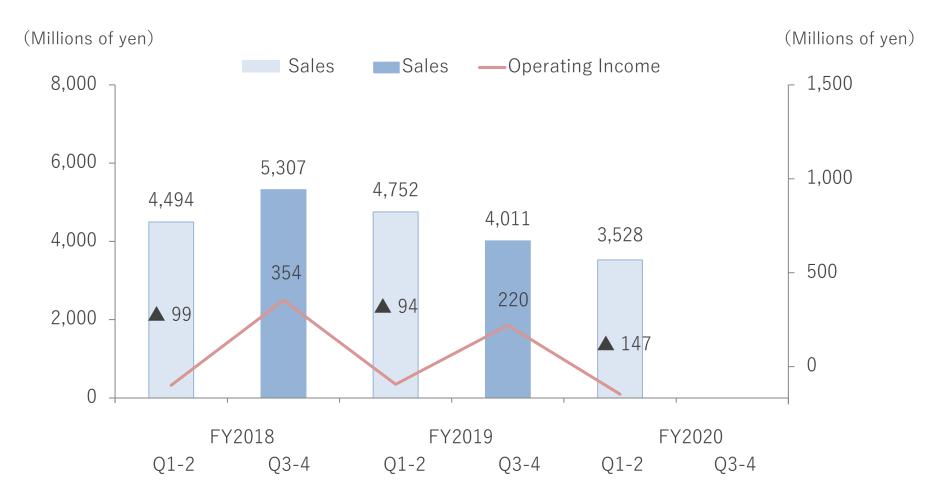
Operating **Income** (Millions of yen) FY2018 Q1-Q2 FY2019 Q1-Q2 FY2020 Q1-Q2 ()This segment includes Amortization of -50 goodwill at 183 million yen related to JIMOS ▲94 ▲99 and BELAIR. -100 147 -150

» Operating loss increased as a result of decline in sales at JIMOS Co., Ltd.

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2 Results by Segment (5) Beauty and Health ②





» Sales and operating income generally are tilted toward the second half of the year due to aggressive investment in advertising and promotions the first half of the year.



3. FY2020 Forecasts of Financial Results

3 FY2020 Forecasts of Financial Results



(Millions of yen)

	Plan FY 2020	Result FY 2019	Comparison
Sales	56,000	88,222	▲ 36.5 %
Operating income	2,000	2,118	▲ 5.6 %
Ordinary income	1,900	2,098	▲ 9.4 %
Net income	1,350	514	+ 162.6 %
Dividends per share	36 yen	22 yen	+ 14 yen
EPS	60.25 yen	22.94 yen	+ 37.31 yen

 \gg We reorganize the Housing Sales business to increase net income.





(Millions of yen)

Sales	Plan FY 2020	Result FY 2019	Comparison
CreCla	14,500	13,375	+ 8.4 %
Rental	14,100	14,808	▲ 4.8 %
Construction Consulting	9,000	5,251	+ 71.4 %
Housing Sales	10,000	46,101	▲ 78.3 %
Beauty-health	8,400	8,764	▲ 4.2 %
Elimination	-	▲ 80	-
Total	56,000	88,222	▲ 36.5 %

3 FY2020 Operating income Forecasts by Segment



(Millions of yen)

Operating	Plan	Result	Comparison
income	FY 2020	FY 2019	
CreCla	1,300	1,030	+ 26.2 %
	(9.0 %)	(7.7 %)	(+ 1.3 pt)
Rental	1,300	1,844	▲ 29.5 %
	(9.2 %)	(12.5 %)	(▲ 3.3 pt)
Construction	750	730	+ 2.7 %
Consulting	(8.3 %)	(13.9 %)	(▲ 5.6 pt)
Housing Sales	▲ 100	▲ 545	+ 445
	(▲ 1.0 %)	(▲ 1.2 %)	(+ 0.2 pt)
Beauty-health	50	125	▲ 60.0 %
	(0.6 %)	(1.4 %)	(▲ 0.8 pt)
Elimination, HQ Cost	▲ 1,300	▲ 1,067	▲ 233
Total	2,000	2,118	▲ 5.6 %
	(3.6 %)	(2.4 %)	(+ 1.2 pt)

Note)The figures inside()marks indicate operating margin.

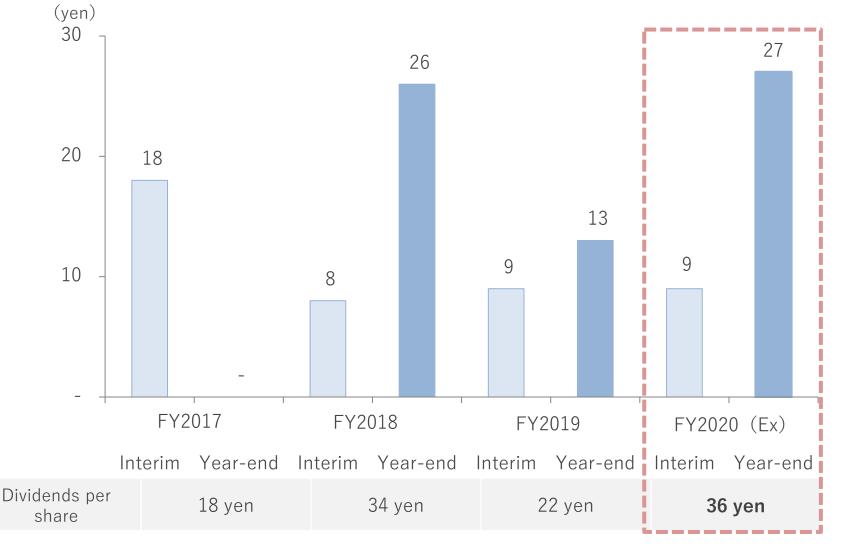


4. Plan of Dividends

Plan of dividends : Dividend Policy with DOE 4%



Dividend payout ratio is within 100%





5. Appendix

Company's outline



Company name	NAC CO., LTD.
Head office	Shinjuku Center Building, 1-25-1 Nishi-shinjuku Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo
Established	May 1971
President	Kan Yoshimura
Businesses	 CreCla (Production and sale of bottled water) Rental (Duskin franchise business, pest control machine rental, regular cleaning plan) Construction Consulting (Construction know-how, solar energy systems) Housing Sales (Contract construction of a custom-built house, finance and insurance affairs with housing sales) Beauty and Health (Cosmetics and health food mail-order sales)
Consolidated companies	Earnest Co., Ltd. (Building maintenance) JIMOS Co., Ltd. (Beauty and Health) BELAIR Co., Ltd. (Beauty and Health) J-wood Co., Ltd. (Housing Sales) Nac Smart Energy Co., Ltd. (Sales of energy-saving products • Construction) KDI CORPORATION (Housing Sales) Nac life partners Co., Ltd. (Housing Sales) KUNIMOKU HOUSE Co., Ltd. (Housing Sales) ACEHOME Co., Ltd. (Housing franchise) JIMOS TAIWAN Co., Ltd. (Beauty and Health) QOL CLUB CO., LTD. (Beauty and Health)
Employees	1,592(consolidated)
Capital stock	6,729,493,750 yen
Number of shares	24,306,750 shares (share unit :100 shares)
Number of shareholders	10,124 (Total number of shareholders; treasury shares are excluded)

5 Key Financial Indicators (Consolidated)



	FY2019	FY2018	Comparison
Average number of shares during the period	22,405,194 shares	19,802,890 shares	+ 2,602,304 shares
Net assets per share (BPS)	881.83 yen	899.84 yen	▲ 18.01 yen
Net income per share (EPS)	22.94 yen	40.32 yen	▲ 17.38 yen
Equity ratio	42.6 %	40.6 %	+ 2.0 pt
Ratio of shareholder's equity to Net income (ROE)	2.6 %	4.7 %	▲ 2.1 pt
Dividends per share	22 yen	34 yen	▲ 12 yen
Dividend ratio	95.9%	84.3 %	+ 11.6 pt
Ratio of dividends to shareholder's equity	2.5 %	3.9 %	▲ 1.4 pt

Company History



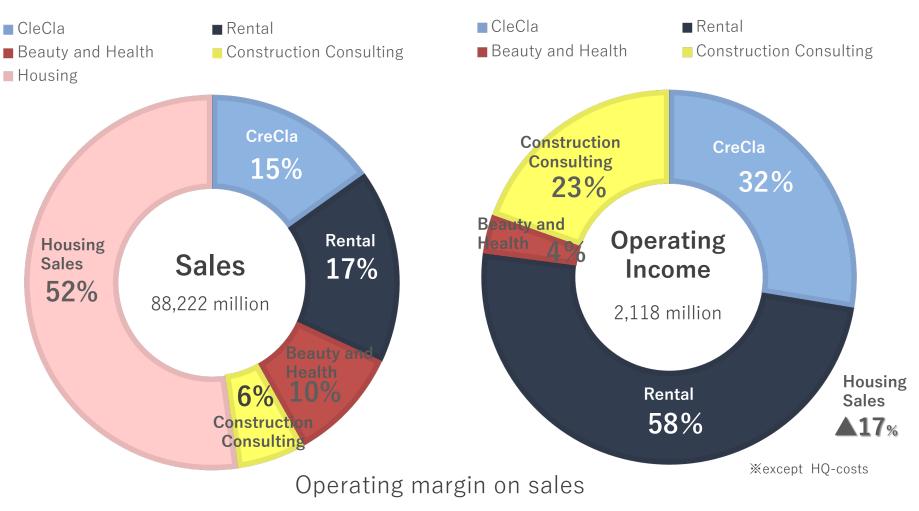
May. 1971	Established Duskin Tsurukawa in Machida city
Aug. 1977	Changed company name to NAC CO., LTD.
Sep. 1995	Listed on the JASDAQ market
Jan. 1997	Listed on the 2nd section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange
Sep. 1999	Listed on the 1st section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange
Dec. 2001	Started bottled water "CreCla" delivery business
Feb. 2002	Started housing sales business through Leohouse
Mar. 2010	Achieved 50 billion yen of sales when celebrating its 40th year
Mar. 2012	Acquired Earnest Co., Ltd.
Jul. 2013	Acquired JIMOS Co., Ltd. & J-wood Co., Ltd.
Apr. 2015	Opened the CreCla Honjo-Plant
Sep. 2015	Acquired Eco & Eco Co., Ltd.
May. 2016	Acquired KDI CORPORATION
Dec. 2016	Acquired BELAIR Co., Ltd.
Apr. 2017	Acquired suzukuri Co., Ltd.
Jun. 2017	Acquired KUNIMOKU HOUSE Co., Ltd.
Feb. 2020	Acquired ACEHOME Co., Ltd.
May. 2020	Sold all of our shareholding in Leohouse Co., Ltd.





5 Positioning in a market of each business					
CreCla	 Market leader in the bottled water production First HACCP certified business in the industry First Eco Mark certified business in the industry First in the industry to open an R&D center 				
Rental	 Highest sales of all Duskin franchisees (out of approximately 2,000 companies) With-branded pest control devices for restaurants first in the industry to be approved by Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare 				
Construction Consulting	 Nacmembers(Construction company :7,000) Providing support for affiliated building firms through order promotion and cost reduction services, including solar power systems and products for Smart House. We acquired Nac smart energy Co., Ltd. (September, 2015) that deals with energy-saving products.(formerly Eco & Eco Co., Ltd.) We acquired suzukuri Co., Ltd. that perform business in a matrix concept.(Changed from the housing business segment in April 2020) We acquired ACEHOME Co., Ltd. (February, 2020) that develops a housing franchise business. 				
Housing Sales	 Acquired J-wood Co., Ltd. (July 2013) that produces natural houses We acquired KDI Co., Ltd. that deal with subdivided housing unit and custom-built house in metropolitan area. We acquired KUNIMOKU HOUSE Co., Ltd. that expands the housing sales business in Hokkaido. 				
Beauty and Health	 In July 2013, the mail-order business entry by a subsidiary of JIMOS Co., Ltd. Various cosmetics for skin and hair care suitable for repeat use female customers (mainly in their 40-60's) We acquired BELAIR Co., Ltd(December, 2016). 				

5 FY2019 Sales and Operating income Breakdown



CreCla	Rental	Construction Consulting	Beauty and Health	Housing Sales	Total
7.7%	12.5%	13.9%	1.43%	1.2 %	2.4%

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5 Operating income trend by segment

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 \gg Regarding business forecasts, as all business segments are heavily affected by COVID-19 and the future outlook remains uncertain, it is difficult to reasonably calculate the impact amount at this time.

